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REMARKS

A review of the claims indicates that:

- A) Claims 1—21 are currently pending.
- B) Claims 5, 8, 9, 14, 15, 17 and 19—21 remain in their original form.
- C) Claims 1—4, 6, 7, 10—13, 16 and 18 are currently amended.

In view of the following remarks, Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration of the rejected claims.

The §103 Rejections

Claims 1—5 and 7—21 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Pat. No. 6,445,483, hereinafter "Takada" in view of U.S. Pat. App. No. 2001/0035999, hereinafter "Saito". In response, the Applicant respectfully traverses the rejection.

Traversal of the §103 Rejections

Claim 1 recites a method of determining a start of a scan time in a laser scanning system utilizing a scanning reflector, comprising:

- directing a laser beam toward a facet of the scanning reflector so as to be reflected by the scanning reflector;
- returning the laser beam reflected from the scanning reflector toward the same facet of the scanning reflector for at least one additional reflection from the scanning reflector;
- detecting the laser beam reflected at least twice from the same facet of the scanning reflector; and
- controlling the start of the scan time of the laser scanning system,
 responsive to the detection of the laser beam.

The Applicant has amended Claims 1 and 11 to more particularly point out the claimed subject matter. In light of the claim amendments and the following Response to Office Action Dated 11/14/2005

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arguments, the Applicant respectfully requests that the Section 103 rejection of Claims 1 and 11 be removed.

The Applicant observes that the Takada reference does not teach or suggest detecting a laser beam reflected at least twice from the same facet of the scanning reflector. This is clearly shown by the Applicant's disclosure, such as in Figs. 2—4 and other locations. For example, in Fig. 2, the beams 112 and 132 reflect off the same facet. In contrast, the Takada reference clearly teaches that the beam reflects off a first surface 4, followed by a second surface 5, of the rotating polygonal mirror 3. (See Takada, column 27 at lines 47—67.) By reflecting the beam off the facet twice, the Applicant is able to increase detection resolution (see Applicant's disclosure at page 5, lines 20—25). Accordingly, the Applicant submits that the Takada reference is deficient to sustain the Section 103 rejection, in view of the claim amendment.

The Applicant submits that the Saito reference fails to remedy the deficiency of Takada. In particular, Takada fails to teach or suggest detecting a laser beam reflected at least twice from the same facet of the scanning reflector. Referring to Saito, particularly at Fig. 1, it is clear that Saito does not disclose reflecting a laser beam off the same facet twice. Accordingly, Saito fails to remedy the deficiency of Takada. Thus, neither reference teaches or suggests detecting a laser beam reflected at least twice from the same facet of the scanning reflector. In view of this deficiency and the claim amendments, the Applicant respectfully requests that the Patent Office remove the Section 103 rejection from Claim 1.

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Claim 2 recites a method according to claim 1, wherein the laser beam directed and returned to the facet of the scanning reflector is separate from a modulated data beam.

The Applicant has amended Claim 2 to more particularly point out the claimed subject matter. In particular, the Applicant has indicted that the laser beam directed and returned to the facet of the scanning reflector is separate from a modulated data beam. This is clearly shown by the Applicant's specification, e.g. at Fig. 2, where 122 is separate from 112/132. Referring to the Takada reference, e.g. at Fig. 1, it can be seen that the laser beam directed toward the facet of the scanning reflector is combined with the modulated beam. These two beams only separate after leaving device 12. Accordingly, the elements recited by Claim 2, as amended, are not taught or suggested by Takada or Saito references, and the Applicant respectfully requests that the Section 103 rejection of this claim be removed.

Claim 3 recites a method according to claim 2, wherein the modulated data beam reflects only once on the facet of the scanning reflector.

The Applicant has amended Claim 3 to more particularly point out the claimed subject matter. In particular, the Applicant has indicted that the modulated data beam reflects only once on the facet of the scanning reflector. For example, Fig. 2 of the Applicant's specification shows 122 reflecting only once. Referring to the Takada reference, e.g. at Fig. 1, it can be seen that the modulated laser beam reflects twice on the scanning reflector. In Takada, the two beams (the modulated beam which contacts 14 and the signal beam which contacts the sensor)

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 are both combined. (Refer to Takada at column 12, lines 24—33, wherein Takada explains how the beam reflects off two different facets, and then splits at 12 to be a modulated beam and a sync beam.) Accordingly, the elements recited by Claim 3, as amended, are not taught or suggested by Takada or Saito references, and the Applicant respectfully requests that the Section 103 rejection of this claim be removed.

Claim 4 recites a method according to claim 2, wherein a modulated data beam reflects once off the facet of the scanning reflector from which the laser beam reflected twice.

The Applicant has amended Claim 4 to more particularly point out the claimed subject matter. In particular, the Applicant has indicted that a modulated data beam reflects once off the facet of the scanning reflector from which the synchronizing laser beam reflected twice. This feature is clearly seen in Fig. 2 and other locations of the Applicant's specification. Thus, the Applicant gains the benefit of reflecting the synchronizing beam off the facet twice, for extra detection resolution, without the drawbacks of reflecting the modulate beam off the scanning reflector twice. Referring to the Takada reference, e.g. at Fig. 1, it can be seen that the combined modulated and sync laser beams reflects twice on the scanning reflector. (Again, refer to Takada at column 12, lines 24—33, wherein Takada explains how the beam reflects off two different facets, and this splits at 12 to be a modulated beam and a sync beam.) Accordingly, the elements recited by Claim 4, as amended, are not taught or suggested by the Takada and Saito references, and the Applicant respectfully requests that the Section 103 rejection of this claim be removed.

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Claims 2—10 depend from Claim 1 and are allowable as depending from an allowable base claim. These claims are also allowable for their own recited features that, in combination with those recited in Claim 1, are neither disclosed nor suggested in references of record, either singly or in combination with one another.

Claim 11 recites a laser scanning system, comprising:

- a laser beam source modulated by data;
- a scanning reflector;
- at least one reflector positioned to receive light from the source that
 has been reflected from a facet of the scanning reflector back
 toward the same facet of the scanning reflector;
- a detector adapted to detect the laser beam after reflecting at least twice from the same facet of the scanning reflector; and
- a controller adapted to control timing of the data, including a start of a scan of the scanning system, responsive to detection of light by the detector.

The Applicant observes Claim 11 was rejected using the same argument as Claim 1, and has been amended in a manner similar to Claim 1. Accordingly, the Applicant submits that Claim 11 is allowable for at least the reasons that Claim 1 is allowable, and the argument set forth with respect to Claim 1 is incorporated herein by reference.

Claims 12—17 depend from Claim 11 and are allowable as depending from an allowable base claim. These claims are also allowable for their own recited features that, in combination with those recited in Claim 11, are neither disclosed nor suggested in references of record, either singly or in combination with one another. For example, several of these claims are allowable for at least the reasons discussed with respect to Claims 2—4.

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Claim 18 recites a laser scanning system, comprising:

- a laser beam source;
- a scanning reflector;
- a detector adapted to detect light reflected at least twice from a same facet of the scanning reflector; and
- a controller adapted to control the timing of the scanning system, including a start of scan of the scanning system, responsive to the detection of light by the detector;
- wherein a modulated data beam created by the laser beam source reflects only once on the facet of the scanning reflector.

The Applicant observes Claim 18 was rejected using the same argument as Claim 1, and has been amended in a manner similar to Claim 1. Additionally, as seen in the arguments above, Takada and Saito fail to teach or suggest that a modulated beam reflects only once, while the sync beam reflects twice. Accordingly, the Applicant submits that Claim 18 is allowable for at least the reasons that Claim 1 is allowable, and the argument set forth with respect to Claim 1 is incorporated herein by reference.

Claims 19—21 depend from Claim 18 and are allowable as depending from an allowable base claim. These claims are also allowable for their own recited features that, in combination with those recited in Claim 18, are neither disclosed nor suggested in references of record, either singly or in combination with one another.

Conclusion

The arguments presented above are intended to present the Applicant's position clearly, but should not be considered exhaustive. Accordingly, the Applicant reserves the right to present additional arguments to clarify the Applicant's position further. Moreover, the Applicant reserves the right to

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challenge the status as prior art of one or more documents cited in the Office Action.

The Applicant submits that the claims as presented are in condition for allowance. Accordingly, the Applicant respectfully requests that a Notice of Allowability be issued. If the Patent Office's next anticipated action is not the issuance of a Notice of Allowability, the Applicant respectfully requests that the undersigned attorney be contacted to schedule an interview.

By:

Respectfully Submitted,

Dated: 13 April 2006

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